ELECTRONIC GIVING & STEWARDSHIP RESOURCES

Electronic Giving Advantages:

- Security
- Convenience
- Attractive to younger generations
- Good for the environment
- Simplifies bookkeeping
- Stabilize the church's cash flow
- 30% increase in actual revenue received,
- First Fruits









Fees

	E-Giving	Parish Pay	Vanco
Set Up Fee	?	\$0	\$0.50 per entry
Monthly Fee	\$19	\$1 per user	\$O
Per Transaction	\$0.30 + 1%	1.5%	\$0.25
Credit Card	\$0.30 + 3%	4%	2.5%

*Subject to change



Credit Cards?

<u>Cons</u> Could encourage debt Additional Fees

Pros Convenience Cash back rewards

ELECTRONIC GIVING AUTHORIZATION FORM

S t.	Francis Episcopal Chu			ES9327	
FO	R OFFICE USE ONLY	ENVELOPE/DONOR #		DATE	
		New Authorization	Change h		
Type of Authorization Form:		 New Authorization Change donation amount Change donation date 			
Las	st Name		First Nam	le	
Ado	dress		I		
City	City		State	Zip	
DA	TE OF DONATION : //	FREQUENCY OF DONATION: (cf Weekly – Mondays Semi-Monthly – 1 st and 15 th Monthly on the 1 st Monthly on the 15 th	neck only one)	FUNDS AND AMOUNTS: General Pledge \$ Building Fund \$ Total \$	
CHECKING / SAVINGS	Checking Account (atta Please remember	rom my (check one): h a voided deposit slip below) ach a voided check below) r to attach a voided check hecking account.	Account N	umber:	
CHECK	I authorize the above church and Vanco Services, LLC to process debit entries to my account. I understand that this authority will remain in effect until I provide reasonable notification to terminate the authorization.				
	Authorized Signature:			Date:	



I gave electronically.

Please place this card in the alms basin during the offertory if you are enrolled in Electronic Giving and your pledge is automatically deducted from your bank account.

If you are not currently enrolled in Electronic Giving, but would like more information, please call the church office at (478) 477-4616 or visit www.stfrancismacon.org.

STEWARDSHIP RESOURCES

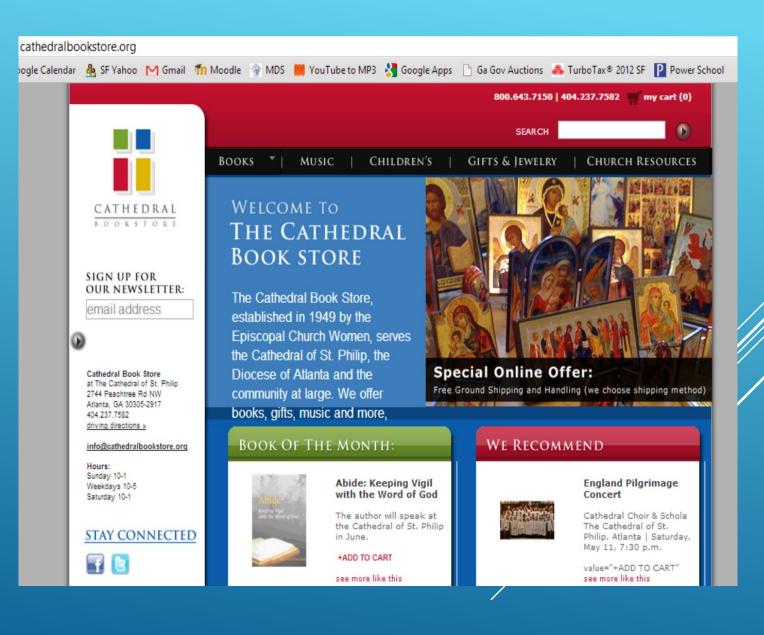
PEOPLE

DIOCESE OF ATLANTA STEWARDSHIP COMMISSION & CONSULTANTS

- Tammy Pallot, Chair- tammypallot@gmail.com (Macon)
- Mal Underwood malvinunderwood@bellsouth.net (Cartersville)
- > Julia Gable- gabriel5018@hotmail.com (Decatur)
- > Dcn. Juan Sandoval- jsandoval@stphilipscathedral.org (Kennesaw)
- Rev. Sarah Fisher sarah@stcatherines.org (Decatur) TENS Vice President
- > Bill Monk wmtmonk@gmail.com (Atlanta)
- > Rev. Frank Baltz frankbaltz@comcast.net (Marietta)
- Lindsey Hardegree Ihardegree@episcopalatlanta.org (Planned Giving)

PLACES

THE CATHEDRAL BOOK STORE



WORKSHOPS

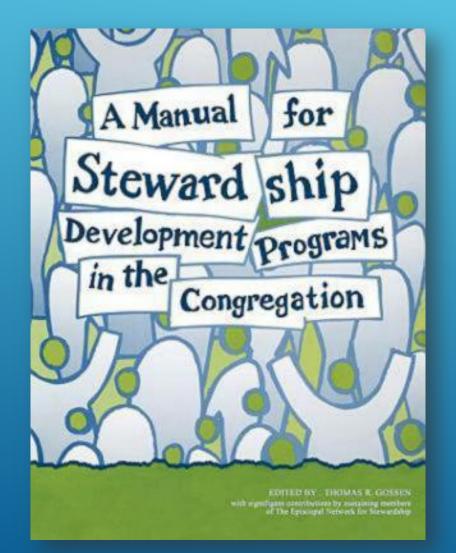
THE EPISCOPAL NETWORK OF STEWARDSHIP (TENS) CONFERENCE

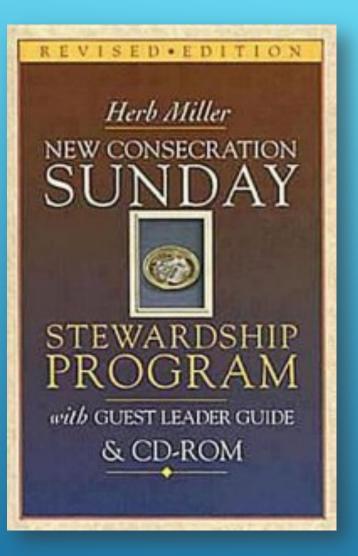


THE DIOCESE OF ATLANTA COMMISSION ON STEWARDSHIP

FREE Workshops

WORKBOOKS





VORD ARCHBISHOP DOUGLAS HAMBIDGE

PRIFLICTIONS ON STRAMPOSITIES MATH PRACTICAL PROFEMANE SUBSECTIONS

BOOKS



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https://www.episcopalatlanta.org/Resources/Stewardship/

STEWARDSHIP

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Consultants

Planned Giving

TENS - The Episcopal Network for Stewardship

Circle of Stewardship Training Day

Stewardship Resources



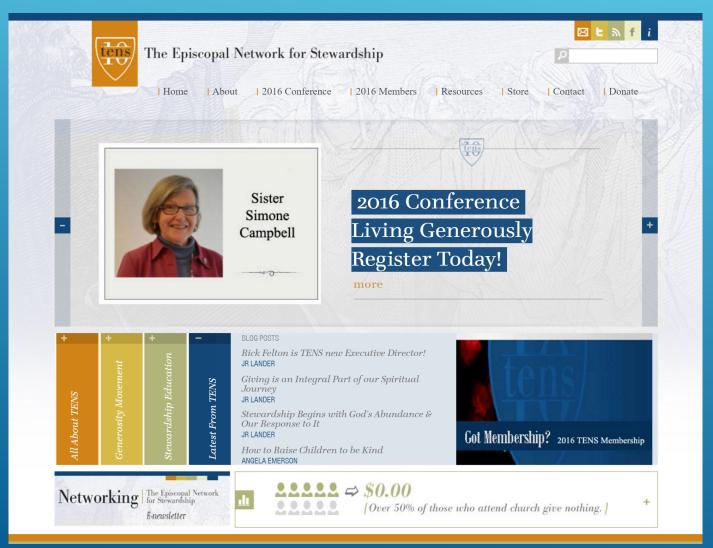
Sign Up For Emails

A Way of Life

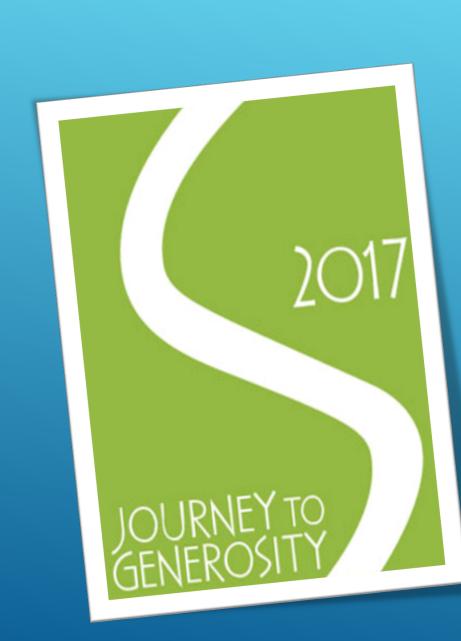




THE EPISCOPAL NETWORK FOR STEWARDSHIP WWW.TENS.ORG



User Name: generous Password: journey Living Generously: 2016 Annual Pledge Series



tens The Epi

The Episcopal Network for Stewardship

About | 2016 Conference

2016 Members Resources

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Stewardship Resources

Annual Giving

Best Practices

Capital Campaigns

Congregational Leadership

Designated Giving

Discipleship & Generosity

Environmental Stewardship

Generations & Stewardship

Liturgical & Worship Resources

Newsletter Archives

Personal Financial Planning

Planned Giving

Preaching Resources

Stewardship Formation

Year Round & Holistic Stewardship

Journey to Generosity: 2017 Annual Pledge Series Giving Materials

Spanish versions are listed below

Introduction - Richard Felton (PDF)

Giving: A Multitude of Reasons - Cathy Clement (MSWord)

Reflections

- October 8th Reflection
 - 1-Up (<u>MSWord</u>)
 - 2-Up (<u>PDF</u>)
- October 15th Reflection
 - 1-Up (<u>MSWord</u>)
 - 2-Up (<u>PDF</u>)
- October 29th Reflection
 - 1-Up (<u>MSWord</u>)
 - 2-Up (<u>PDF</u>)
- All Saints Day Reflection
 0 1-Up (<u>MSWord</u>)
 - 2-Up (<u>PDF</u>)
 - 2-Up (<u>PDF</u>)
- November 12th Reflection
 - 1-Up (<u>MSWord</u>)
 - 2-Up (<u>PDF</u>)
- 2nd Quarter The Rev. Sarah K. Fisher
 - 1-Up (<u>MSWord</u>)

Newsletter Inserts

Pledge Cards

Rector's Letters To:

- New Members
 - Generous Pledgers
 - Encourage Increased Pledging



The Rev. Sarah K. Fisher

he Israelites knew what it meant to journey from scarcity to abundance. They did it time and time again. They fled by night, trusting God would guide them and provide for them. Who could have imagined that their journey to liberation would include the sea itself parting and their ability to walk through as though it were dry land? As they traveled through the wilderness, God joined them, feeding them manna, enough for the day, providing them fire by night, and cloud by day. It was not an easy journey, and at times, the Israelites stumbled and complained along the way. Still, God was

with them, always, as they moved from a place of bondage to a place of freedom and abundant life. At its heart, stewardship is an invitation to journey into God's abundance. And for most of us, the journey to generosity is just that — a journey. It is human nature to

For reflection ...

- Where do you sense God inviting you to go and explore? Where do you need to be attentive to God's invitation?
- What are you stewarding in your life? Where do you see God in your stewardship?
- How do you think the Israelites imagined the Promised Land as they were traveling? As you journey, how do you imagine the Promised Land?

fear not having enough. Yet God's story and our story collide and we experience something different. God invites us to taste and see what God is doing in our lives and to consider what God is entrusting to our care. In journeying to generosity, we are invited to become co-creators with God. When we move away from scarcity and self, we can | Continues on reverse. |

From previous page.

begin to focus on what God has entrusted to us; we can see more fully how God is acting in our lives and in our world. In a culture that values our own enlightened self-interest over the needs of others, it is not always an easy journey, yet the gifts that await us when we truly step into community and into deep relationship with God are abundant.

All of us are called to be stewards. We are stewards of God's creation, stewards of our families, stewards of money, stewards of time, stewards of our churches, and stewards of the faith that has been handed down to us, the faith that so many generations before us have stewarded.

As we travel with God, we begin to recognize those places in our lives where God is calling us, as God called the Israelites, to step forth in faith into new and unknown places. It can feel risky to let go of the familiar, the safe, the known. And yet, when we let go, when we invite God more fully into our lives, the journey cannot help but be one that transforms us, taking us out of our places of bondage, into new, generous and abundant life.

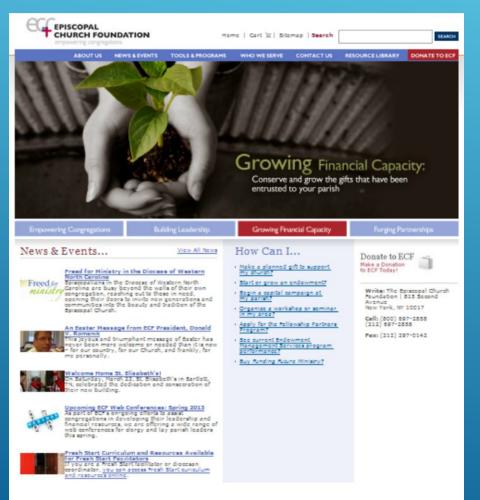


The Rev. Sarah Fisher is Associate Rector of St. Patrick's Episcopal Church in Atlanta, and the Vice-President of the Board of TENS. Early in her ordained ministry, she discovered a passion for stewardship after attending a TENS Conference. Ever since, she's been talking, learning and being curious about the connections between money, church, spirituality and God. When she's not in church, she can be found in coffee shops or thrift stores, or reading Harry Potter.

PROVINCE IV OF THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH WWW.PROV4CDE.ORG

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Leadership Communica	tions Stewardship Growth & Development Multi-Cultural Ministries			
Stewardship:	Home > Stewardship			
What is Stewardship?				
 Video Message from Laurel Johnston, Program Officer 	Stewardship Using the gifts God has given us, to do the work God is calling us to do.			
How Has the Episcopal Church Been Supported?				
 The State of Stewardship in our Culture 	Stewardship, which has been called the most important work of the church, is at the heart of the Christian faith. How we manage the gifts we have received is a chief concern of stewardship. Through the love of God we see life as blessed with an abundance of grace. Sharing from this abundance in a spirit of thanksgiving and compassion is faithful stewardship.			
Transforming Stewardship				
Stewardship Education				
The Annual Campaign				
 The Capital Campaign 	Faithful stewardship is a good remedy for greed. It enables us to discover a spirit of gratitude and generosity. It frees us from self-absorption and disregard for others. And it challenges us to see the world as a gift of God that is under our care.			
Legacy Society				
 Stewardship Resources 	The call to be a faithful steward is a call to wholeness and an invitation to open our lives and resources to the generous			
 Stewardship Workshop 	and compassionate love of God.			
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	gle Calendar A SF Yahoo M Gmail The Episcopal Church Home Sitemat Congregational I Province IV of the Epi Leadership Communica Stewardship: • What is Stewardship? • Video Message from Laurel Johnston, Program Officer • How Has the Episcopal Church Been Supported? • The State of Stewardship in our Culture • Transforming Stewardship • Stewardship Education • The Annual Campaign • Legacy Society • Stewardship Resources • Stewardship Workshop Presentations • Environmental Stewardship in Province IV	Congregational Development & Evangelism Network Province IV of the Episcopal Church Ladership Communications Yearchip Communications Stewardship Stewardship Video Message from Laureloins, Program Office Home > Stewardship Video Message from Laureloins, Program Office Home > Stewardship Now Has the Episcopal Church Home > Stewardship Video Message from Laureloins, Program Office Home > Stewardship Now Has the Episcopal Church Home > Stewardship The State of Stewardship in Culture Communications Year Calutation Home > Stewardship Stewardship Stewardship Stewardship Church Been Stewardship in Culture Stewardship Stewardship For Capital Campaign Legacy Society Hoff Ist Evarardship is a good remedy for greed. It enables us to discover a spirit of thanksgiving and compassion is faithful stewardship is a good remedy for greed. It enables us to discover a spirit of God that is under our care. The Stewardship Besources Hotal Ist Evarardship is a good remedy for greed. It enables us to discover a spirit of God that is under our care. Stewardship Besources It call to be a faithful steward is a call to wholeness and an invitation to open our lives and resources to the generous in dicompassionate love of God.		

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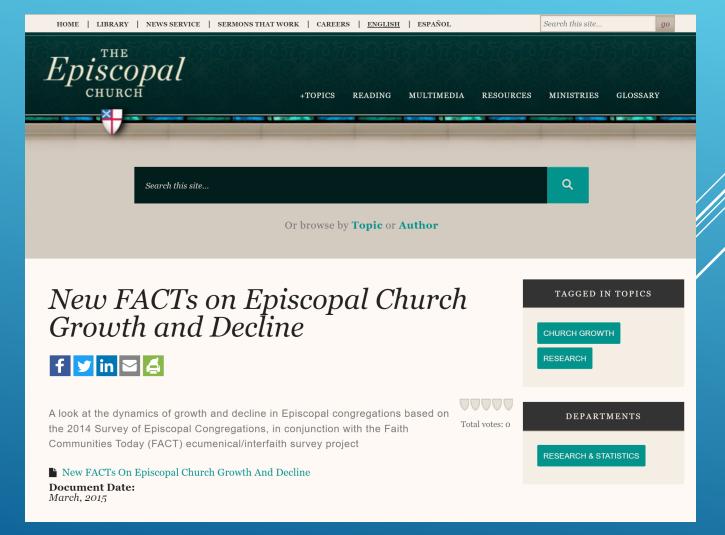
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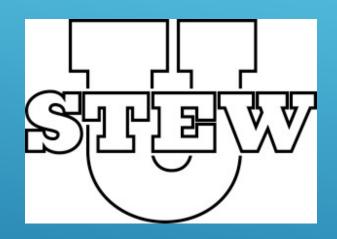
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THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH WWW.EPISCOPALCHURCH.ORG

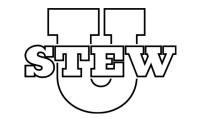
New FACTS on Episcopal Church Growth and Decline



STEWARDSHIP UNIVERSITY



The Rev. Canon Timothy Dombek is Canon for Stewardship and Planned Giving for the Episcopal Diocese of Arizona, and is the creator and presenter of the acclaimed Stewardship University™ program.



Stewardship News You Can Use

Thoughts and ideas on growing generous givers

HOME ABOUT

What to Say About Money at The Annual Meeting

JANUARY 8, 2016 ~ LEAVE A COMMENT

Few clergy I know enjoy planning for and conducting the parish annual meeting. Holding elections, hearing reports, and presenting the budget to the membership feel like functions so unrelated to "real" parish ministry. Often the whole affair usually gets met with dread.

However, the annual meeting can become a time to celebrate our life and

Search ...

Recent Posts

What to Say About Money at The Annual Meeting

Guest Blogger: Change the pattern of your giving and change your life

EPISCOPAL DIOCESE OF WEST TEXAS WWW.DWTX.ORG/DEPARTMENT-MINISTRIES/STEWARDSHIP

and School

Year-Round Stewardship Monthly Calendars

December

<u>lanuary</u>

February

March

April

• May

• June

August
 September

October

November

YEAR ROUND

STEWARDS

July

Great information about Year Round Stewardship

About the Diocese	Calendar/Events Department/Ministries Resources Church
Closer LOOK	
Camps and Conferences	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Christian Education	
Christian Faith in Action	
College Missions	
Committees	The second second second
Communications	STEWARDSHIP
Congregational Dev.	
Evangelism	YEAR ROUND STEWARDSHIP
Financial Services	CALENDAR
Foundation	We are accustomed to thinking of stewardship in terms of the annual
Stewardship	"pledge drive." It happens once a year, and mostly we endure it as a necessary evil to raise money to run the church. But stewardship is not
Annual Giving	an annual "event" we hold in October. Stewardship is what we
Capital Giving	do with all that Cod has given us, all the time. This calendar takes stewardship out of the "annual occurrence" category and places
Legacy Giving	it where it should be - right in front of us, all year 'round.
Notes to God's Stewards	The calendar gives congregations suggestions and resources for practicing year 'round stewardship. Each month, the <i>church</i>
Stewardship Resources	season is explained and a theme is identified around which
Year Round Stewardship	individual and congregational activities might take place in five recurring categories: Spiritual Growth, Ministry Spotlight, Financial
December	Health, Outside Ourselves and God's Creation.
lanuary	To get it started, we are identifying a theme for each month, along

Februar

March

May

August

Septembe October

November Nomen's Ministries

World Mission

To get it started, we are identifying a them for each month, along with resources and suggestions for implementing the theme in each category. But this is only a starting place. Use as many or as few of the suggestions and resources offered, be brave - and castile - and custom-fit the ideas to your congregation. For instance if the calendar suggests thanking your muisi ministry team and you don't have a music ministry a your durich, take this is opportunity to raise that awareness in your congregation and think about what you need and how you can accomplish it.

This is truly a continuing project. At you come up with your own ideas, send them to us at <u>nancy.stinion@dwtx.org</u> and we will add them to the calendar. We are especially interested in stories about how your congregation adapts these suggestions locally so we can learn from each other.

Links to the Monthly Calendars are to the right. An explanation of each of the five categories of our Stewardship "pie" is below:



life. This category offers ways to deepen the spiritual lives of individuals and the congregation. The focus of the spirituality component will always go deeper into the theme of the month.

Ministry Spotlight

Spiritual Growth

Faithful stewardship is deeply connected to a healthy spiritual

The mission of a congregation is largely carried out through its ministries. Focusing on a different ministry each month is a way of giving thanks for that ministry and raising awareness about it to attract new participants (the time and talent part of stewardship). Ways to do this include commissioning ministry members during a church service, highlighting a different ministry in the church newsletter each edition, or inviting the ministry head to say a few words about the ministry during the announcements segment of worship.

RESOURCES

This component also encourages saying "thank you" to a particular ministry every month by writing thank you notes to individual ministry members or serving dinner at one of the ministry's meetings (or a way that you think of).

Financial Health

This category offers a particular opportunity for an appeal, focus on fiscal responsibility, or financial ministry offering. Some of these activities can be used to communicate the congregational leadership's good stewardship of the congregation's material resources. Activities in the financial component should not be limited to congregational finances; there are also many ways families can be intentional about how they manage their money including what they are saving and what percentage of their income they are giving away.

Outside Ourselves

In outreach we take our stewardship to the streets of our communities. These activities help people connect their pledge to ministry; in addition, communicating and celebrating the stories of meeting the needs of people are important motivators for personal stewardship decisions.

God's Creation

A steward is a person to whom something is entrusted, and how we care for the environment that God has entrusted to us is a mark of our faithfulness. This category can include caring for the environment in our communities, in our homes, and in our churches. Activities that show care for the environment are especially attractive to children and families.

GENEROUSLY

www.40acts.org.uk

PICK AN ACTION

GreenGet your local new
Facebook/Twitter r
quick arrow prayer
listed there.AmberSchedule a regula
to pray for newsfed
down prayer point
organise your pray
Prayer Mate).RedNot prayed much
seem hard at first
Jump over to tryp
about. Already a s
Why not share the
today? Order som
share with others,
them in public pla

Get your local newspaper or flick open your Facebook/Twitter newsfeed. Shoot up some quick arrow prayers for the stories you see listed there.

Schedule a regular time throughout the day to pray for newsfeeds or your circles. Write down prayer points or download an app to organise your prayer life (our favourite is Prayer Mate).

Not prayed much recently, or ever? It can seem hard at first but today's the day to try. Jump over to <u>trypraying</u> and see what it's all about. Already a seasoned Prayer Warrior? Why not share the gift of prayer with others today? Order some books from TryPraying to share with others, in person or by leaving them in public places.



ACT 9: Dial Up

Today's act is all about activating the gift of prayer. Wait, what? How is prayer generous, you ask? When we pray, we spend time talking to a God who lives and moves and acts on our behalf and for the good of those who love him. It's generous because you're asking the creator of the universe to do a good thing for someone else. Powerful stuff, folks.

Scroll down for act options or click here.

your thought for today

This went on for two years, so that all the Jews and Greeks who lived in the province of Asia heard the word of the Lord. (Acts 19:10 NIV)

from David Hill, trypraying

I had been a decent self-respecting agnostic for some time. I had absorbed the misinformation that there were no real answers to the honest questions a young person would ask: Is there any evidence for God's existence? Why is there all this suffering? Etc. But when studying maths at university, I met a Christian who was confident of his faith and was willing to meet and let me argue the issues. To my great surprise I discovered there were answers and gradually learned that I, the agnostic, was the one without the evidence and he, the Christian, was basing his faith on evidence. After some months I realised I needed to respond.

It was probably the most honest prayer I had prayed, and in a totally unreligious setting – the second floor of the West Wing of Birmingham University library with maths books in front of me: 'God if you are there, and I'm not sure you are, but if you are I want to know you.' Two weeks later I knew he was! I had reached a point of trusting God with my whole life, and then one morning I was alone in my room and found myself overwhelmed with a sense of peace, joy and excitement all rolled together into one four-hour experience. I knew that Jesus was alive and was at work in my life from then on.

Don't you find it remarkable that God is interested in us and wants us to have honest conversation with him? We don't need any special skills or high-level clearance to get in contact with him. In fact there are no barriers (except those we put up ourselves). Wherever we are, whatever we're doing, day or night, we can talk. So how about praying an honest prayer just now before you stop reading this? You could tell God what is important to you that you are concerned about. You could say something you are grateful for. You could ... well, just be honest. Here's some space to do it ...

Praying. Millions of people in the UK do it: believers, sceptics, grannies, young people, people who are desperate and people who are not. And God responds.

And here's a thought: who could you offer the gift of prayer to today?

Today's blog was written by David Hill from <u>trypraying</u>. Find out more about them and support their chosen charity <u>here</u>. Share today's act on your social networks:

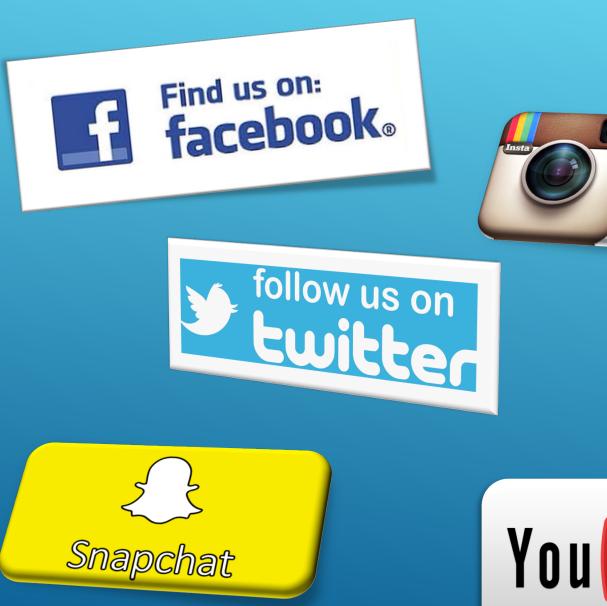
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Google Search I'm Feeling Lucky	

Social Media









Instagram



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• 22 likes

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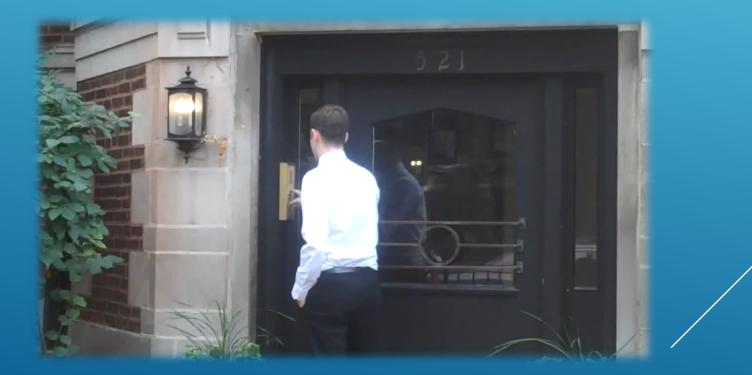
St. Aiden's Cypress, Texas "Churchy"



St. Thomas Overland Park, Kansas "Redeemed"



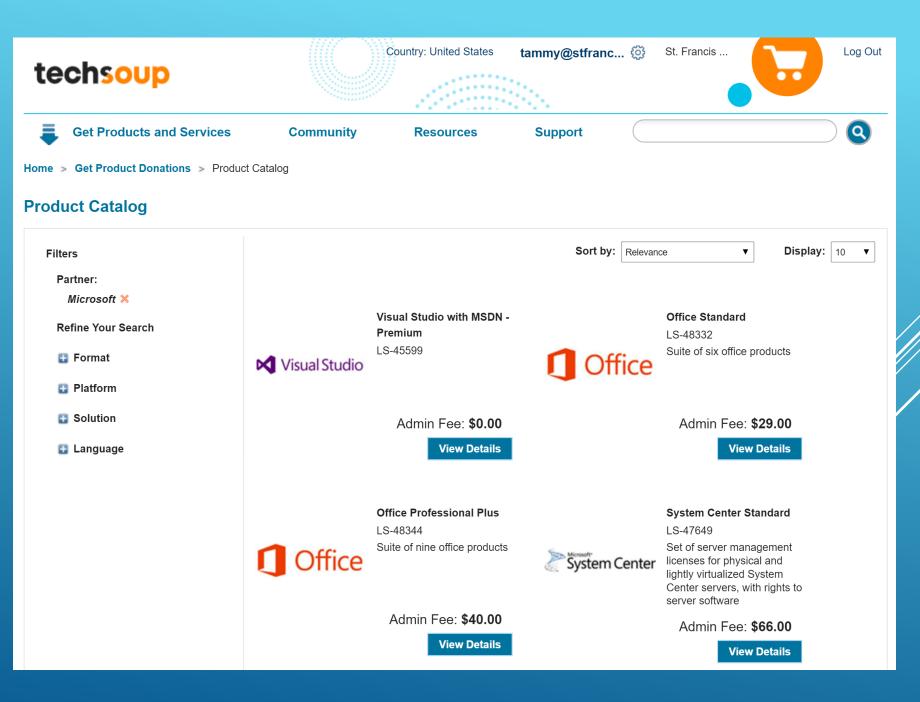
St. James Cathedral Chicago, Illinois "Hello" (Book of Mormon Parody)



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TechSoup equips changemakers with transformative technology solutions and skills they need to improve lives globally and locally.

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THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH WWW.EPISCOPALCHURCH.ORG







Studying Your Congregation and Community

In order to know who you are, you need to examine where you are and where you have been.

Looking at the social and demographic characteristics of the local community sheds light on the people to which we hope to minister. Looking at trends in membership, average worship attendance, and financial giving sheds light on congregational strength and whether current patterns indicate growth, decline or stability.

By following the instructions below, you can display and print two charts and a community demographic profile. The two charts track membership, participation, and giving over the most recently available eleven years for your congregation and your diocese. These data are from annual Parochial Reports. The community demographic profile will give you a demographic overview of the area within a three-mile radius of your congregation's physical location. (For guides to understanding the information provided in the profiles, please see Mosaic Descriptions #). Profiles of a larger area are available from the research office, diocesan and congregational ministries.

Select Chart or Community Demographic Profile

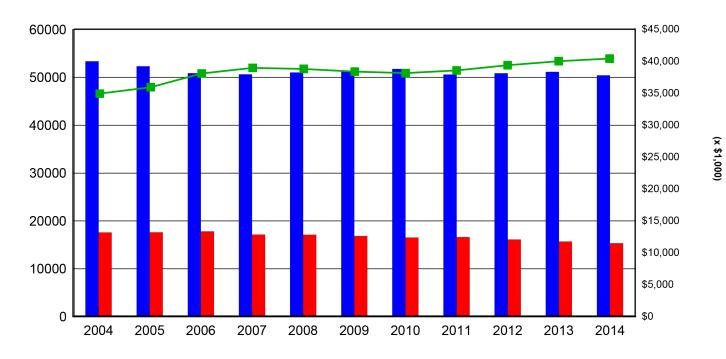
Church	(SELECT A DIOCESE FIRST)	~
View Dioce	ese Chart) (View Church Chart)	View Community Profile

PRECEPTS:

Click on "Who We Are" Then "Studying Your Congregation and Community"

PRECEPT – DIOCESE OF ATLANTA

Participation & Giving Trends Diocese of Atlanta (7686-1293)



Baptized Members Worship Attendance Plate/Pledge

Plate & Pledge Income

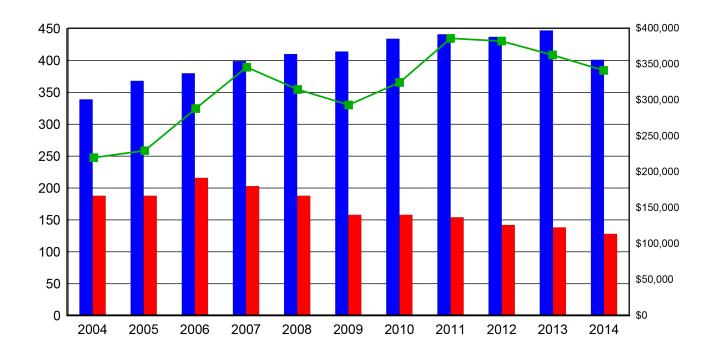
Baptized Members Worship Attendance

Plate/Pledge

PRECEPT – ST. FRANCIS EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Participation & Giving Trends

St Francis Episcopal Church, Macon, GA (2573-3528)



Baptized Members Worship Attendance Plate/Pledge

Plate & Pledge Income



COMMUNITY PROFILE

The ExecutiveInsite Report

Date:

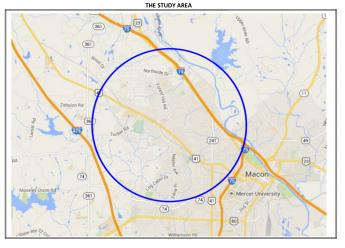
Semi-Annual Projection:

2/9/2015

Fall

Prepared for:	St Francis Episcopal Church - Macon
Study area:	3 mile radius - 432 Forest Hill Rd Macon GA 31210-4824
Base State:	GEORGIA
Current Year Estimate:	2014
5 Year Projection:	2019

This ExecutiveInsite Report has been prepared for St Francis Episcopal Church -Macon. Its purpose is to "tell the demographic story" of the defined geographic study area. ExecutiveInsite integrates narrative analysis with data tables and graphs. Playing on the report name, it includes 12 "Insites" into the study area's story. It includes both demographic and beliefs and practices data. Executivelnsite is intended to give an overview analysis of the defined geographic study area. A defined study area can be a region, a zip code, a county or some custom defined geographic reas such as a radius or a user defined polygon. The area of study is displayed in the map below.



THE 12 INSITES	F
INSITE	PAGE
Insite #1: Population, Household Trends	2
Insite #2: Racial/Ethnic Trends	3
Insite #3: Age Trends	4
Insite #4: School Aged Children Trends	6
Insite #5: Household Income Trends	7
Insite #6: Households and Children Trends	9
Insite #7: Marital Status Trends	10
Insite #8: Adult Educational Attainment	11
Insite #9: Employment and Occupations	12
Insite #10: Mosaic Household Types	13
Insite #11: Charitable Giving Practices	14
Insite #12: Religious Program Or Ministry Preferences	15

More Information

Please refer to the last page of the report for additional notes and interpretation aides in reading the report.

Not all of the demographic variables available in the MI System are found in this report. The FullInsite Report will give a more comprehensive view of an area's demographics.

Also, the Impressions Report adds additional social, behavioral views and the Quad Report provides a detailed view of religious preferences, practices and beliefs.

INSITE #1: POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD TRENDS

The estimated 2014 population within the study area is 40,195. The 2019 projection would see the area remain stable at 159 to a total population of 40,354. The population within the study area is growing somewhat slower than the statewide growth rate. While the study area is projected to grow by 0.4% in the next five vears, the state is projected to grow by 7.3%. The study area's estimated average change rate is 0.1%.

Population Per Household

Population:

Population per Household: The relationship between population and households provides a hint about how the community is changing. When population grows faster than households, it suggests an increase in the persons per household. This can only happen when more persons are added either by birth or other process such as young adults in multiple roommate households or young adults returning to live with parents. In some communities this can occur when multiple families live in the same dwelling unit.

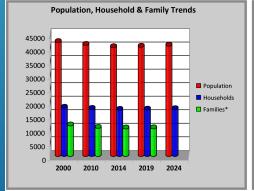
Households:

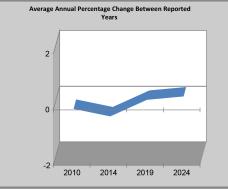
The households within the community are growing faster than the population, thus the average population per household in 2010 was 2.36 but by 2019 it is projected to be 2.36. Compare this to the statewide average which for the current year is estimated at 2.70 persons per household.

Family Households:

Family households provide an additional hint about the changing dynamics of a community. If family household growth follows population growth, then it would be reasonable to assume that the increasing population per household comes from additional children. This is the case within the the study area. Family households are growing as fast as the population suggesting that the increasing population per household is from additional children.

Population/Households & Family Trends	2000	2010	2014	2019	202
Population	42,083	41,043	40,195	40,354	40,757
Population Change		-1,040	-848	159	40
Percent Change		-2.5%	-2.1%	0.4%	1.09
Households	17,834	17,408	17,059	17,131	17,30
Households Change		-426	-349	72	17
Percent Change		-2.4%	-2.0%	0.4%	1.0
Population / Households	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.36	2.3
Population / Households Change		0	0	0	
Percent Change		-0.1%	-0.1%	0.0%	0.0
Families	11,289	10,377	10,176	10,233	
Families Change		-912	-201	57	
Percent Change		-8.1%	-1.9%	0.6%	



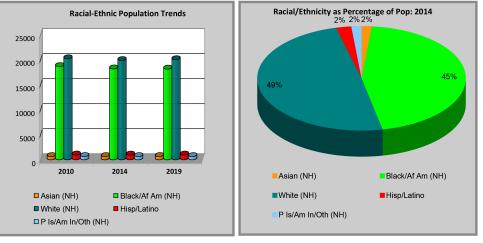


NOTE: Family Household data is not projected out 10 years.

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INSITE #2: RACIAL-ETHNIC TRENDS

The US population's racial-ethnic diversity is continually adding new and rich cultural mixes. This data considers the five groups for which trending information is available. Please note that several groups are aggregated into a single category due to their smaller size. Those persons who indicated Hispanic or Latino ethnicity along with a racial category have been separated into a Hispanic or Latino category. The Population: Racial/Ethnic Trends table provides the actual numbers and percentage of the total population for each of the five racial/ethnic categories. Pay special attention to the final column on the right. This will quickly indicate the direction of change from the last census to the current five year projection.



The Racial Ethnic Trends graph displays history and projected This chart shows the percentage of each group for the current year change by each racial/ethnic group. estimate.

The percentage of the population...

Asian (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years. Black/African American (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years. White (Non-Hisp) is projected to remain about the same over the next five years. Hispanic or Latino is projected to remain about the same over the next five years.

	2010	2014	2019	2010%	2014 %	2019 %	2010 to 2019 %pt Change
Race and Ethnicity							
Asian (NH)	636	634	647	1.55%	1.58%	1.60%	0.05%
Black/Afr Amer (NH)	18,628	18,159	18,119	45.39%	45.18%	44.90%	-0.49%
White (NH)	20,184	19,829	20,000	49.18%	49.33%	49.56%	0.38%
Hispanic/Latino	950	939	951	2.31%	2.34%	2.36%	0.04%
P Is/Am In/Oth (NH)	645	634	637	1.57%	1.58%	1.58%	0.01%
Tot	als: 41.043	40.195	40.354				

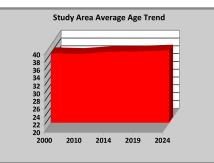
INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS

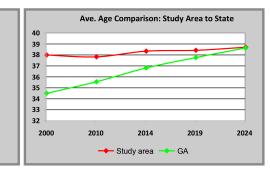
A community's age structure and how it is changing is an important part of its story. Overall, the American Population has been aging as the Baby Boomers progress through each phase of life. This has been abetted by episodes of declining live births. However this picture may particularize differently from community to community. There are communities in the US where the average age is lower than some others. In other cases, there is a clear shift toward senior years as the Boomers enter their retirement years. The Age Trend Insite explores two variables: Average age and Phase of Life.

Average Age Trends provides five important snapshots of a community from five data points; the 2000 census, the last census, the current year estimate, the five year projection and the ten year forecast. These five numbers will indicate the aging direction of a community.

The Phase of Life Trends breaks the population into seven life phases that the population passes through in its life time.

Age									
Average Age Trends	2000	2010	2014	2019	2024				
Average Age: Study Area	38.00	37.83	38.35	38.42	38.71				
Percent Change		-0.5%	1.4%	0.2%	0.7%				
Average Age: GA	34.51	35.56	36.82	37.76	38.64				
Percent Change		3.1%	3.5%	2.6%	2.3%				
Comparative Index	110	106	104	102	100				
Median Age: Study Area	36	36	36	36	36				





Summary of Average Age Findings:

The Average Age Trend chart shows both history and projection of the change in average age in the study area. The average age of the study area is stable and relatively unchanging It is projected to remain relatively the same over the next five years. A comparison to the average age of the state helps to contextualize the significance of the average age of the study area and its history and projection. In the graph above, the study area and state are laid out side by side. The state's average age is estimated to be about the same as the study area.

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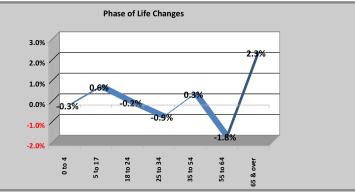
INSITE #3: AGE TRENDS (continued)

PHASE OF LIFE

The Phase of Life analysis provides insight into the age distribution of a population across the different stages of life experience. It can reveal a community in transition.

Pay special attention to the color codes of the Change column (far right below). It will immediately indicate which phases are increasing or decreasing as a percentage of the population.

Phase of Life		2014		2024		2014%	2019%	2024%	Estimated 10 Year %pt Change 2014 - 2024
Before Formal Schooling									
Ages 0 to 4	2,987	2,910	2,901	2,831	7.3%	7.2%	7.2%	6.9%	-0.3%
Required Formal Schoolin	g								
Ages 5 to 17	7,196	7,061	7,200	7,404	17.5%	17.6%	17.8%	18.2%	0.6%
College/Career Starts									
Ages 18 to 24	3,875	3,915	3,919	3,902	9.4%	9.7%	9.7%	9.6%	-0.2%
Singles & Young Families									
Ages 25 to 34	5,558	5,336	5,072	5,063	13.5%	13.3%	12.6%	12.4%	-0.9%
Families & Empty Nesters									
Ages 35 to 54	10,193	9,613	9,619	9,853	24.8%	23.9%	23.8%	24.2%	0.3%
Enrichment Years Sing/Co	uples								
Ages 55 to 64	5,025	5,041	4,883	4,370	12.2%	12.5%	12.1%	10.7%	-1.8%
Retirement Opportunities									
Age 65 and over	6,209	6,319	6,761	7,334	15.1%	15.7%	16.8%	18.0%	2.3%



Summary of Phase of Life Findings:

Phase of Life changes reflect the age profile of a community. On average, it takes 2.1 children per woman to replace both mother and father. If the percentage of the population under 20 is declining as a percentage of the total it is likely that the community will see an increase in the more senior aged population possibly due to a decline in birth rates.

In this study area children 17 years of age and younger are increasing as a percentage of the total population. Considering the other end of the phases of life, adults 55 years of age and older are increasing as a percentage of the total population.

In summary it may be that the community is experiencing some growth of children of school age.

INSITE #4: SCHOOL AGED CHILDREN TRENDS

Children are the future! Understanding their specific population dynamics is critical for all planners of social and/or educational services. The "School Aged Children" variable is a subset of the "Required Formal Schooling" segment in the Phase of Life profile. It allows one to zoom in more closely on the children who are of formal schooling age.

The School Aged Children variable provides a snapshot of three levels of the population that comprise school age children. The three levels roughly correspond to the following.

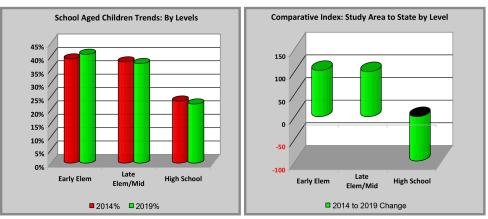
Elementary grades

High School Grades

Intermediate/Middle School grades

The school aged population includes all school aged children including those enrolled in public and private schools, those home schooled and children in institutions.

School Aged Children		2014			2014%	2019%	nated 5 Year %pt nge 2014 - 2019
Early Elementary							
Ages 5 to 9	2,718	2,751	2,929	37.8%	39.0%	40.7%	1.7%
Late Elementary-Middle School							
Ages 10 to 14	2,742	2,672	2,680	38.1%	37.8%	37.2%	-0.6%
High School							
Ages 15 to 17	1,737	1,638	1,591	24.1%	23.2%	22.1%	-1.1%



Summary of School Aged Children Findings:

Early Elementary children ages 5 to 9 are projected to increase as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by 1.7%.

Late Elementary to Middle School aged children ages 10 to 14 are declining as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by -0.6%.

High School aged children 15 to 17 are declining as a percentage of children between 5 and 17 by -1.1%.

Overall, children are aging through but there is some evidence of a resurgence of children in the younger years.

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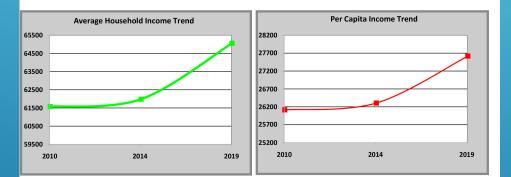
INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS

AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND PER CAPITA INCOME

Average Household Income and Per Capita Income indicate the level of financial resources within a community. Average Household income reflects the average income for each household, whether family or non-family. Per Capita Income is a measure of the average income of all persons within a household. For family households, this would include all children. It does not mean that each person actually contributes to the average income from work. It is calculated by dividing the aggregate household income by the population.

In this study area, the estimated current year average household income is \$61,984. The average household income is projected to grow by 5.0% to \$65,059.

The estimated per capita income for the current year is \$26,306. The Per Capita Income is projected to grow by 5.0% to \$27,619.



Income Trends		2014			2014%		Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2014 - 2019
Households							
Less than \$10,000	1,970	2,032	1,939	11.3%	11.9%	11.3%	-0.6%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,293	1,375	1,235	7.4%	8.1%	7.2%	-0.9%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,545	2,380	2,361	14.6%	14.0%	13.8%	-0.2%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,750	1,850	1,862	10.1%	10.8%	10.9%	0.0%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,334	2,137	2,074	13.4%	12.5%	12.1%	-0.4%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	3,035	2,876	2,905	17.4%	16.9%	17.0%	0.1%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,712	1,459	1,558	9.8%	8.6%	9.1%	0.5%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,607	1,683	1,787	9.2%	9.9%	10.4%	0.6%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	475	691	620	2.7%	4.1%	3.6%	-0.4%
\$200,000 or more	686	577	790	3.9%	3.4%	4.6%	1.2%
Totals	17,407	17,060	17,131				

INSITE #5: HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME TRENDS (continued)

FAMILY INCOME

Family income is a sub-set of household income. It excludes nonfamily households. Family households include two or more persons who are related and living in the same dwelling unit. Children are more likely to live in family households. Non-family households are households in which two or more persons live in the same dwelling unit but are unrelated. The number of families with annual incomes above \$100,000 is projected to grow over the next five years. For the current year, it is estimated that 23.4% of all family incomes exceed \$100,000 per year. In five years that number is projected to be 23.9%.

Income Trends	2014		2014%		Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2014 - 2019
Families					
Less than \$10,000	796	851	7.8%	8.3%	0.49%
\$10,000 to \$14,999	522	536	5.1%	5.2%	0.11%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,244	1,193	12.2%	11.7%	-0.57%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	885	901	8.7%	8.8%	0.11%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,388	1,381	13.6%	13.5%	-0.14%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	1,852	1,806	18.2%	17.6%	-0.55%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,104	1,119	10.8%	10.9%	0.09%
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1,355	1,377	13.3%	13.5%	0.14%
\$150,000-\$199,999	423	426	4.2%	4.2%	0.01%
\$200,000 or more	607	643	6.0%	6.3%	0.32%
Totals	10,176	10,233			

MEDIAN INCOME BY RACE AND ETHNICITY

Median income by race and ethnicity is a subset of household income. Median income is that point where there are as many households with incomes greater than the median as there are households with incomes less than the median.

Median Income by Race and Ethnicity	2014
Asian Household Income	58,749
Black/ African American Household Income	24,952
Hispanic/Latino Household Income	33,161
White/Anglo Household Income	57,237
P Is, Am Indian Other Household Income	57,702

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INSITE #6: HOUSEHOLDS AND CHILDREN TRENDS

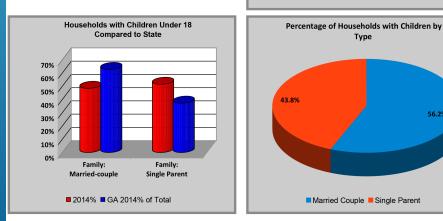
Diversity of child rearing environments is increasing along with the many other types of growing diversity in the US. To understand this, we begin with the types of households that exist in a community. There are...

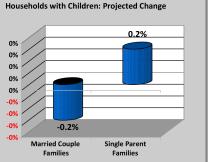
The concern of this analysis is family households with children under 18. Of the types of family households with children there are...

 family households with chil family households without 	 Married couple families Single parent families (father or mother) 							
				These two are reported for the study area in the tab				
Households	2010	2014	2019	2010%	2014%	2019%	Estimated 5 Year %pt Change 2014 - 2019	
Households with Children und	der 18							
Married Couple	2,568	2,396	2,389	48.5%	56.2%	56.1%	-0.2%	
Single Parent	2.730	1.866	1.872	51.5%	43.8%	43.9%	0.2%	

Of the households with children under 18, married couple households are decreasing as a percentage while single parent households are increasing. The graph to the right illustrates this. Bars above the 0% point indicate a family type that is increasing while bars below 0% is decreasing. This provides "insite" into how family households and structures with children are changing in the study area.

A comparison to the state reveals to what extent this community is similar or dissimilar to the state as a whole. The study area's married couple households with children are dissimilar to the state's profile. The percentage of single parent households with children is greater than the state.



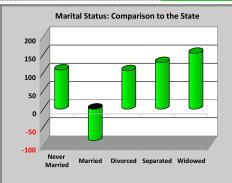


INSITE #7: MARITAL STATUS TRENDS

MARITAL STATUS BY TYPE									
Population by Marital Status considers the number and percentage of persons 15 years of age and greater by their current marital status. Both trend information as well as a comparison to the study area's state marital status types provides two different views of this social reality. Marital types reported include Population by Marital Status. Both trend information as well as a comparison to the study area's state marital status types • Never Married • Divorced provides two different views of this social reality. • Separated • Widowed									
		2014		2010%	2014%	2019%	2010 to 2019 %pt Change		
Population by Marital Status	Population by Marital Status: Age 15+								
Never Married	10,038	11,157	11,768	30.3%	34.5%	36.4%	6.1%		
Married	15,174	13,622	13,069	45.7%	42.1%	40.4%	-5.4%		
Divorced	4,181	3,819	3,830	12.6%	11.8%	11.8%	-0.8%		
Separated	1,199	1,011	923	3.6%	3.1%	2.9%	-0.8%		
Widowed	2,586	2,758	2,774	7.8%	8.5%	8.6%	0.8%		

In this community, the current year estimate of marital status reveals a community of adults less likely to be married than the state average for adults. The percentage single, never married in the study area is higher than the state average for adults 15 years and older. Divorce is more prevalent than the state wide average.

The graph to the right illustrates the marital status comparison of the study area to the state . Bars above the 0% point line indicate a marital status type that is more prevalent than the state average while bars below the 0% are below the state average. The length of the bars represent the strength of the difference. They are not percentages.

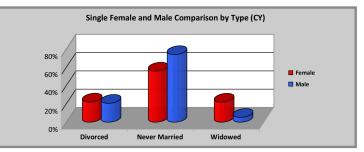


MARITAL STATUS BY FEMALE AND MALE

Who is more likely to be unmarried, women or men in this community? Consider these findings about this study area: Women 15 years and older are less likely to be single, never married than men.

Women 15 years and older are more likely to be divorced than men.

Women 15 years and older are more likely to be widowed than men



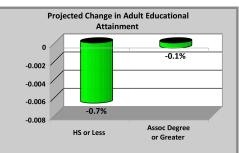
56.2%

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INSITE #8: ADULT EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

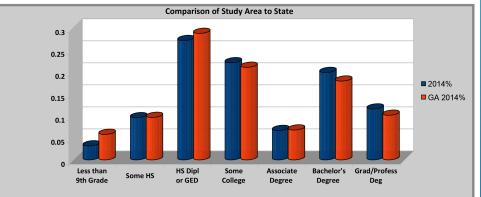
The level of educational attainment of a community's adult population is an important indicator of its opportunities and challenges. This analysis will look at the Adult Educational Attainment from three perspectives First, it looks to see if the level of educational attainment for adults is rising or not. Second, it compares the level of attainment to that of the state of GEORGIA. (If this is a state report, the comparison will be to itself.) Finally, the table provides the percentages from 2010.

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL ATTAINMENT CHANGE



The educational attainment level of adults has been rising over the past few years. It is projected to decline over the next five years by - 0.1%.

EDUCATIONAL LEVEL COMPARED TO THE STATE

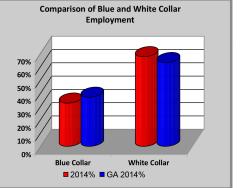


The overall educational attainment of the adults in this community is greater than the state.

Population by Educational Attainment: 25+								
Less than 9th Grade	4.8%	3.2%	3.0%	5.8%	55			
Some HS	9.9%	9.6%	9.0%	9.6%	99			
HS Dipl or GED	24.8%	27.1%	27.3%	28.7%	94			
Some College	21.6%	22.1%	22.6%	21.0%	105			
Associate Degree	6.4%	6.7%	6.9%	6.8%	98			
Bachelor's Degree	21.0%	19.8%	19.7%	17.9%	111			
Grad/Profess Deg	11.4%	11.6%	11.4%	10.1%	114			

INSITE #9: POPULATION BY EMPLOYMENT

Like educational attainment, an analysis of a community by its employment types and categories provides an important "insite" into its socio-economics. This analysis looks at two factors. First is a report of the employed population 16 and over by the traditional "blue collar" and "white collar" occupations and compares these to the state. Second, it looks at the community by the seven standard census bureau occupations and compares them to the state.



EMPLOYED POPULATION : BLUE COLLAR OR WHITE COLLAR

On the chart to the left, the study area is compared to the state of GEORGIA. This study area is close to the state average for White Collar workers. It is well below the state average for Blue Collar workers.

EMPLOYED CIVILIAN POPULATION BY OCCUPATION

	2014	GA 2014	Comp. Index	Interpretation
Employed Civilian Pop 16+ by Occupation				
Bldg Maintenance & Cleaning	4.4%	3.9%	112	Well above the state average.
Construction	6.4%	8.9%	72	Well below the state average.
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	0.0%	0.6%	7	Well below the state average.
Food Preparation Serving	6.9%	5.4%	128	Well above the state average.
Healthcare Support	2.8%	1.9%	147	Well above the state average.
Managerial Executive	15.3%	15.1%	101	At about the state average.
Office Admin	15.0%	13.6%	111	Well above the state average.
Personal Care	3.5%	3.0%	117	Well above the state average.
Production Transportation	9.2%	13.0%	71	Well below the state average.
Prof Specialty	24.3%	20.6%	118	Well above the state average.
Protective	2.2%	2.3%	97	At about the state average.
Sales	10.1%	11.9%	84	Well below the state average.

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INSITE #10: MOSAIC Segments

Mosaic is a geo-demographic segmentation system developed by and for marketers. Instead of looking at individual demographic variables, a segmentation system clusters households into groups with multiple common characteristics. Demographic variables that generally cluster together would include income, educational levels, presence of children and occupations among others. This database is developed by Experian. Some find the information helpful because it presents a multi-dimensional view of a community.

In the report below, the top 15 Mosaic Segments of the study area are provided. (If less than 15, rows will be blank.)

NOTE: For a full description please see the DI Demographic Segment Guide (Mosaic) under the Help menu on the Documents gallery.

	2014	2014%	State %	Comp Index	Relative to the GA State Ave.
Mosaic Segments					
S69 Economic Challenges - Urban Survivors	2,624	15.38%	3.81%	404	Well above the state average
J34 Autumn Years - Aging in Place	1,257	7.37%	1.15%	639	Well above the state average
N48 Pastoral Pride - Rural Southern Bliss	1,202	7.05%	7.12%	99	About average for the state
C11 Booming with Confidence - Aging of Aquarius	938	5.50%	2.31%	239	Well above the state average
B09 Flourishing Families - Family Fun-tastic	901	5.28%	0.50%	1055	Well above the state average
R67 Aspirational Fusion - Hope for Tomorrow	884	5.18%	1.93%	268	Well above the state average
O51 Singles and Starters - Digital Dependents	740	4.34%	3.05%	142	Well above the state average
Q62 Golden Year Guardians - Reaping Rewards	729	4.27%	1.08%	395	Well above the state average
Q65 Golden Year Guardians - Senior Discounts	719	4.22%	0.84%	501	Well above the state average
E20 Thriving Boomers - No Place Like Home	687	4.03%	0.75%	534	Well above the state average
A02 Power Elite - Platinum Prosperity	648	3.80%	2.15%	176	Well above the state average
O52 Singles and Starters - Urban Ambition	623	3.65%	6.62%	55	Well below the state average
O54 Singles and Starters - Striving Single Scene	525	3.08%	2.44%	126	Well above the state average
Q64 Golden Year Guardians - Town Elders	520	3.05%	3.91%	78	Somewhat below the state average
D18 Suburban Style - Suburban Attainment	483	2.83%	8.73%	32	Well below the state average

INSITE #11: CHARITABLE GIVING PRACTICES

Charitable giving practices data provide three perspectives about giving in the study area. First, they indicate how extensive giving is within a study area by showing the percentage of households that are likely to contribute \$200 or more dollars per year to charitable causes.

Second, they project the direction of giving. Giving data is provided across 10 sectors of charity giving. Each community has its own distinctive pattern.

Finally, they show how the study area gives across the 10 sectors in comparison to the state of GEORGIA. An area may contribute modestly to a charitable sector in terms of actual projected households but it may be well above the state-wide average for such giving.

Interpreting the Table

As the table is studied look at two factors; the number of people or households and the index. The first will provide a sense of the number strength in the study area. The second shows how giving to one of the 10 charitable targets compares to the state. Any "index" over 100 means the study area gives more to a charitable target than is true for the state as a whole.

To make the interpretation of this easier, the following table is sorted by Index. However, be sure to look at the "% of Households" column. A particular charitable sector may have a low index but still a larger percentage than some other of the 10 sectors represented here.

	Hholds	% of HH	Index	Interpretation
Charitable Contributions Last Yr: \$200 Or More				
Public Radio-\$200 Or More	155	0.9%	198	Well above the state ave.
Environmental-\$200 Or More	262	1.5%	148	Well above the state ave.
Health-\$200 Or More	747	4.4%	136	Well above the state ave.
Social Services/Welfare-\$200 Or More	1,170	6.9%	125	Well above the state ave.
Public Television-\$200 Or More	87	0.5%	121	Somewhat above the state ave.
Other-\$200 Or More	821	4.8%	103	About average for the state.
Religious-\$200 Or More	4,149	24.4%	103	About average for the state.
Political Organization-\$200 Or More	141	0.8%	98	About average for the state.
Private Foundation-\$200 Or More	442	2.6%	78	Somewhat below the state ave.
Education-\$200 Or More	536	3.2%	73	Somewhat below the state ave.

Summary of Charitable Contribution Findings:

Overall, it is estimated that households in this study area are somewhat above the state average in their contributions to charities.

More specific findings include:

The number of charitable sectors where giving is well above the state average: 4.

The number of charitable sectors where giving is somewhat below the state average: 2.

The number of charitable sectors where giving is well below the state average: 0.

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INSITE #12: RELIGIOUS PROGRAM OR MINISTRY PREFERENCES

This information is from the recent survey conducted by MissionInsite of US Religious Preferences, Practices and Beliefs called the Quadrennium Project. While general religious data is available through various organizations, only MissionInsite can provide local geography projections that are current. The complete survey results are available in the Predesimed Quad Report. The Quadrennium White Paper is available on the web site.

	Study	Area	US Aver	age	Cor	nparative Index
	Modestly Important	Very Important	Modestly V Important In		Mode Impo	stly Very tant Important
Personal Growth	34.1%	10.8%	32.6%	9.0%	105	120
Addiction support groups	27.3%	11.8%	26.9%	10.0%	101	119
Health/weight loss programs	35.1%	11.6%	33.9%	9.1%	103	128
Practical training seminars	40.1%	9.0%	37.1%	8.0%	108	112
Family Support and Intervention Services	34.9%	18.6%	35.0%	14.8%	100	126
Daycare/After-School Programs	24.1%	13.6%	24.3%	10.6%	99	128
Crisis support groups	42.7%	17.2%	41.7%	14.3%	102	120
Family oriented activities	38.6%	28.7%	39.5%	24.0%	98	119
Marriage enrichment	34.6%	18.6%	35.3%	13.7%	98	136
Parenting development	29.6%	14.9%	29.6%	11.7%	100	127
Personal/family counseling	39.7%	18.7%	39.6%	14.2%	100	132
Community Involvement and Advocacy Programs	47.4%	19.0%	47.7%	16.1%	99	118
Adult social activities	51.3%	20.8%	51.8%	17.0%	99	123
Involvement in social causes	48.5%	17.6%	48.6%	15.5%	100	114
Social justice advocacy work	39.5%	13.6%	39.3%	11.6%	101	117
Opportunities for volunteering in the community	50.1%	23.9%	51.1%	20.4%	98	117
Community Activities or Cultural Programs	41.8%	19.8%	42.3%	16.6%	99	120
Cultural programs (music, drama, art)	45.9%	15.0%	45.2%	12.8%	102	117
Holiday programs/activities	48.6%	21.7%	49.0%	18.0%	99	120
Seniors/retiree activities	41.6%	20.3%	41.8%	16.7%	99	121
Youth social activities	31.1%	22.3%	33.0%	18.8%	94	119
Religious/Spiritual Programs	34.7%	23.6%	34.2%	19.0%	101	124
Alternative spiritual practices (meditation, yoga, etc.)	26.8%	9.0%	28.2%	8.0%	95	112
Bible or Scripture study/prayer groups	34.1%	28.7%	32.5%	21.6%	105	133
Christian education for children	28.2%	26.5%	27.8%	22.0%	102	120
Contemporary worship services	40.4%	20.8%	40.2%	17.0%	100	122
Spiritual discussion groups	42.0%	20.4%	40.1%	15.0%	105	136
Traditional worship services	36.4%	36.3%	36.8%	30.3%	99	120

Supporting Information

Interpreting the Report

The Executivelnsite report is designed for easy reading. But there are several tools provided in the tables that make this easier.

Change over time: Several trend tables have a column indicating a change over time. Generally these tables begin with the last census, include the current year estimate, a five year projection and if available, a 10 year forecast. The data in each cell represents a percentage change up or down.

Color Coding: Both the "Change over Time" and "Comparative Indexes" columns are color coded to easily spot any change and the direction of that change.

Change:	Increasing	Stable	Declining
Index:	Above Ave	Ave	Below Ave.

Variable Definitions

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Full variable definitions can be found in the MI Demographic Reference Guide. Download it free fro m the Help/Documents menu located on the map screen of your study area on the MissionInsite website. Indexes: Some variables will have a column called "Comparative Index." An index is an easy way to compare a study area with a larger area. For this report, all comparisons are with the state or states within which the study area falls. The indexes can be interpreted as follows.

- Indexes of 100 mean the study area variable is the same as its base area.
- Indexes greater than 100 mean the study area variable is above the base area. The higher the number, the greater it is above the base.
- Indexes less than 100 mean the study area variable is below the base area. The lower the number, the greater it is below the base.

Support

If you need support with this report, please email MissionInsite at misupport@missioninsite.com.